## Antibiotic Susceptibility Patterns of Commonly Isolated Bacteria for July 2023-June 2024

Numbers below represent percent of susceptible isolates (no. of isolates tested)

			ı	1	1	Γ	1	1	T	1	Γ	ı		1	1	1		1		1			I	
	MOSES ICU (N2M, F2N, F6C, CSI, N3S, F7BS)	n	Ampicillin	Ampicillin- Sulbactam	Aztreonam	Cefazolin	Cefepime	Ceftazidime	Ceftriaxone	Ciprofloxacin	Clindamycin	Daptomycin <sup>2</sup>	Gentamicin	Levofloxacin	Linezolid	Meropenem	Nitrofurantoin <sup>3</sup>	Oxacillin	Penicillin G	Piperacillin- Tazobactam	Tetracycline	Tobramycin	Trimethoprim- Sulfamethoxazole	Vancomycin
	Acinetobacter baumannii complex <sup>1</sup>	15		67%			53%		47%	53%			60%			57%	0%			64%	•	73%	53%	
	Enterobacter cloacae	32			53%		88%		53%	78%			94%			97%	1			47%		91%	84%	
ive	Escherichia coli	121	34%	40%	73%	56%	73%		72%	48%			88%			100%	95%			69%		84%	58%	
egat	Klebsiella pneumoniae	105		56%	71%	61%	71%		71%	71%			94%			96%	<b>57</b> %			67%		88%	75%	
Gram Negative	Proteus mirabilis <sup>1</sup>	19	68%	74%	89%	0%	89%		89%	84%			63%							84%		68%	84%	
	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	99			74%		84%			80%			97%			84%				74%		1		
	Serratia marcescens <sup>1</sup>	19			89%		100%		84%	89%			95%			95%				89%		42%	1	
	Stenotrophomonas maltophilia <sup>1</sup>	25						32%						76%							'		88%	
Gram Positive	Staphylococcus aureus	112				66%					76%		96%					66%	0%		91%		94%	100%
	Staphylococcus epidermidis	73				32%					<b>52</b> %		81%				-	32%	0%		73%			100%
	Staphylococcus lugdenesis <sup>1</sup>	4				1					1		1					1	1		1			1
	Enterococcus faecalis <sup>1</sup>	27	100%				•				ı				96%					- '				96%
	Enterococcus faecium <sup>1</sup>	27	19%									100%			100%									48%
	Enterococcus faecalis (Urine) <sup>1</sup>	4	1										•		1									1
	Enterococcus faecium (Urine) <sup>1</sup>	5	1									1			1									1

denotes antibiotics that are not routinely tested against or known to be clinically relevant treatment options for the specific organisms

 $10^{\mbox{\tiny +}}\,\%$  decrease in susceptibility from 2022-2023 antibiogram

10<sup>+</sup> % inrease in susceptibility from 2022-2023 antibiogram

 $10^{\circ}\,\%$  decrease in susceptibility compared to global inpatient population

10<sup>+</sup>% increase in susceptibility compared to global inpatient population

- 1 Organisms with fewer than 30 isolates should be interpreted with caution as small numbers may bias group susceptibilities
- 2 For *E. faecalis*, daptomycin is not recommended due to cost and the availability of an agent with a narrower spectrum of activity
- 3 For treatment of uncomplicated urinary tract infection with CrCl > 30mL/min only