

Antimicrobial Prophylaxis for Non-Transplant Hematologic Malignancy

Disease type	Indication	Viral prophylaxis*	Fungal Prophylaxis	Bacterial prophylaxis	PJP prophylaxis
High Risk MDS / AML	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Induction • Salvage induction • Relapsed / refractory disease • Consolidation 	Valacyclovir 500mg PO q12hrs <u>OR</u> Acyclovir 400mg q8hr ^{1,3,5} <i>Begin on admission (or chemo cycle) and discontinue when ANC >500 or mucositis resolved</i> <i>Renally adjust for CrCl <30</i> <i>Consider acyclovir 800mg q12h if history of herpes zoster⁶</i>	Posaconazole DR 300mg q12h on day 1, then 300mg q24h ^{1,2,3} <i>If using venetoclax, consider micafungin 50mg q24h as alternative ppx to avoid QT prolongation</i>	<u>Inpatient</u> Levofloxacin 500mg PO q24h for highest risk ² <u>OR</u> Monitor closely off antibiotics <i>Begin when ANC <500</i> <u>Outpatient</u> Consider Levofloxacin 500mg q24h daily if ANC will be <500 for >7 days ² <i>If there is concern for QT prolongation (such as in APL), consider 3rd gen cephalosporin (cefdinir or cefpodoxime) as alternative⁷</i>	No routine prophylaxis <i>If using purine analogue (such as azathioprine, cladarabine, fludarabine), use TMP-SMX 1DS PO MWF (or atovaquone) until CD4 >200³</i>
ALL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Induction • HyperCVAD • Blinatumomab with prolonged neutropenia • Inotuzumab 	Valacyclovir 500mg PO q12hrs <u>OR</u> Acyclovir 400mg q8hr ^{1,3,5} <i>Begin on admission (or chemo cycle) and discontinue when ANC >500 or mucositis resolved</i> <i>Renally adjust for CrCl <30</i>	Fluconazole 400mg PO daily ³ <i>If using vincristine, consider IV micafungin 50mg q24h as alternative to avoid toxicity</i>	Consider Levofloxacin 500mg q24h if ANC will be <500 for >7 days, to be continued until ANC >500 ²	TMP-SMX 1 DS MWF or 1SS daily preferred (or atovaquone 1500mg daily) throughout anti-leukemic treatment ³
Myeloma		Valacyclovir 500mg PO q12hrs <u>OR</u> Acyclovir 400mg q8hr ^{1,3,5} <i>Begin on admission (or chemo cycle) and discontinue when ANC >500 or mucositis resolved</i> <i>Renally adjust for CrCl <30</i> <i>If using proteasome inhibitor (bortezomib, carfilzomib,</i>	No routine prophylaxis <i>If using VDET/PACE, fluconazole 200mg daily while ANC <500</i>	<u>First 12 weeks of induction:</u> Consider Levofloxacin 500mg PO q24h ⁸	No routine prophylaxis <i>If using VDET/PACE, TMP-SMX 1DS tab MWF or atovaquone daily throughout all cycles</i>

		ixazomib), monoclonal antibody (elotuzumab, isatuximab, daratumumab), or VDET/PACE, use viral ppx throughout all chemo cycles and 3 mos after last dose			
Lymphoma		Valacyclovir 500mg BID PO throughout all chemotherapy cycles ^{1,2,3,5} <i>Renally adjust for CrCl <30</i>	No routine prophylaxis <i>Alemtuzumab: Posaconazole 300mg q12h on day 1, then 300mg q24h</i>	No routine prophylaxis <i>Consider PO levofloxacin 500mg daily if ANC <500 while on HyperCVAD or HIV+ or DA-EPOCH</i>	No routine prophylaxis <i>If using purine analogue (such as azathioprine, cladribine, fludarabine), use TMP-SMX 1DS PO MWF (or atovaquone) until CD4 >200³ P13K inhibitors +- rituximab <i>PJP prophylaxis until chemo completed³</i> Alemtuzumab: <i>PJP prophylaxis until 6mos after chemo completed and CD4 >200³</i></i>
Aplastic Anemia		Valacyclovir 500mg BID PO throughout all chemotherapy cycles ^{1,2,3,5} <i>Renally adjust for CrCl <30</i>	No routine prophylaxis <i>Consider outpatient Posaconazole PO 300mg q24h if ANC <500 at discharge</i>	No routine prophylaxis <i>Consider outpatient PO levofloxacin 500mg daily if ANC <500 at discharge</i>	Consider TMP-SMX 1DS MWF or 1SS daily beginning with therapy until 6 mos after last dose
Hairy Cell leukemia		Valacyclovir 500mg BID PO throughout all chemotherapy cycles ^{1,2,3,5} <i>Renally adjust for CrCl <30</i>	No routine prophylaxis	No routine prophylaxis <i>Consider levofloxacin PO 500mg daily if ANC <500</i>	No routine prophylaxis <i>If using purine analogue (such as azathioprine, cladribine, fludarabine), use TMP-SMX 1DS PO MWF (or atovaquone) until CD4 >200³</i>

**Consider prolonged viral prophylaxis if recurrent HSV infections*

References:

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